CORRECTION

In "Results of the Carnegie Museum of Natural History Expeditions to Belize. III. Distributional notes on the birds of Belize" (1987, D. S. Wood and R. C. Leberman, Annals of Carnegie Museum, 56:137–160), specimen CM-P 162527 was listed on p. 148 as a Least Pygmy-Owl, Glaucidium minutissimum, with the statement that there had been only one previous record of this species for Belize. I have reexamined this specimen, and find it to be referable to the common Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl, G. brasilianum. The authors may have been misled by the short wing and tail measurements of this specimen, within the range of those of the Least Pygmy-Owl; however, the flight feathers of both wing and tail are in sheath and were not fully grown. The plumage pattern, especially that of the tail, is clearly that of one of the color morphs of G. brasilianum and not that of G. minutissimum. The Belize record of G. minutissimum is therefore withdrawn.

Furthermore, Wood and Leberman stated that an additional individual of *G. minutissimum* was mist-netted, banded, and photographed by a party from the Manomet Bird Observatory (Manomet, Massachusetts) on 14 April 1984, east of the Sibun River in Belize District. I have been informed by Dr. Trevor Lloyd-Evans of Manomet that this owl was in fact another individual of *G. brasilianum*, and that the Manomet records had never claimed otherwise. This supposed Belize record of *G. minutissimum* must therefore also be expunged. The Belize sight records listed by Wood and Leberman for *G. minutissimum* are of course not subject to verification.

KENNETH C. PARKES, Senior Curator of Birds, Carnegie Museum of Natural History.